

## Chronology of Saudi-U.S. Relations

2008	May 16-17	Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques King Abdullah bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud meets with President George W. Bush at the royal ranch in Jenadriyah, near Riyadh
	March 21-22	King Abdullah meets with Vice President Richard Cheney at the royal ranch in Jenadriyah
	February 16:	Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal meets with President Bush at the White House
	January 14-16:	King Abdullah meets with President Bush at the royal ranch in Jenadriyah
2007	November 27:	Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal heads the Saudi delegation to the Middle East peace conference in Annapolis, Maryland
	October 23:	King Abdullah meets with First Lady Laura Bush in Jeddah; Mrs. Bush was in the Kingdom to launch the US-Saudi Arabia Partnership for Breast Cancer Awareness and Research in Riyadh
	October 19:	President Bush certifies Saudi Arabia as an anti-terrorism ally in a memorandum to Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice
	July 31:	King Abdullah meets with Secretary of State Rice and Defense Secretary Robert Gates in Jeddah
	May 12:	King Abdullah meets with Vice President Cheney in Tabuk
	February 21:	Saudi Ambassador to the US Adel A. Al-Jubeir presents his credentials to Deputy Secretary of State John Negroponte in Washington
	January 15-17:	King Abdullah meets with Secretary of State Rice and Defense Secretary Robert Gates at the royal farm in Rawdhat Khuraim, near Riyadh
2006	November 25:	King Abdullah meets with Vice President Cheney in Riyadh
	October 2:	King Abdullah meets with Secretary of State Rice in Riyadh
	September 4:	King Abdullah approves the Program of the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques King Abdullah bin Abdulaziz for Foreign Scholarship, which provides 15,000 scholarships for Saudi students in the US; the program is the result of King Abdullah's 2005 meeting with President Bush
	July 24:	Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal and Secretary-General of the National Security Council Prince Bandar bin Sultan meet with President Bush at the White House
	May 18:	Second Saudi-U.S. Strategic Dialogue held in Washington, co-chaired by Foreign Minister Prince Saud and Secretary of State Rice
	January 17:	King Abdullah meets with Vice President Cheney at the royal ranch in Jenadriyah
2005	November 13:	First Saudi-U.S. Strategic Dialogue held in Jeddah, co-chaired by Foreign Minister Prince Saud and Secretary of State Rice
	September 12:	Saudi Ambassador to the US Prince Turki Al-Faisal presents his credentials to Secretary of State Rice in New York
	April 23-26:	Crown Prince Abdullah bin Abdulaziz meets with President Bush at the presidential ranch in Crawford, Texas

	February 14:	Sixtieth anniversary of the historic meeting between King Abdulaziz bin Abdulrahman Al-Saud and President Franklin D. Roosevelt
2004	June/January:	Joint designation by Saudi Arabia and the United States of a total of nine branches of the Al-Haramain Islamic Foundation as terrorist financiers under the 1999 United Nations Security Council Resolution 1267
2003	December 23:	Joint designation by Saudi Arabia and the United States of the Bosnia-based Vazir and the Liechtenstein-based Hochburg AG organizations as financiers of terrorism under the UN Security Council Resolution 1267
	August/May:	Setting up of joint Saudi-U.S. task forces in the war on terrorism, for law enforcement and for financial oversight
2002	June 13:	Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal and President Bush discuss the Middle East peace process at the White House
	April 25:	Crown Prince Abdullah meets with President Bush at the presidential ranch in Crawford, Texas
	March 16:	Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques King Fahd bin Abdulaziz meets in Jeddah with Vice President Richard Cheney
2001	September 11:	Saudi Arabia's condemnation of terrorist attacks on the United States
2000	September 6:	Crown Prince Abdullah and President Bill Clinton attend the Millennium Summit of the UN General Assembly in New York
1999	November 1-4:	Second Deputy Prime Minister, Minister of Defense and Aviation and Inspector-General Prince Sultan bin Abdulaziz meets President Clinton at the White House
1998	September 23-25:	Crown Prince Abdullah visits the United States as part of a seven-nation worldwide tour; meets with President Clinton at the White House
	May 1-2:	King Fahd and Crown Prince Abdullah meet with Vice President Al Gore in Jeddah
1997	February 24-8:	Prince Sultan visits the United States, meets with President Clinton and Vice President Gore at the White House
1996	September 25:	Prince Saud Al-Faisal meets with President Clinton in Washington DC
	March 13:	Prince Saud Al-Faisal attends the Peacemakers Conference in Sharm Al-Shaikh, Egypt, cosponsored by President Clinton and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak
1995	October 26-27:	Prince Sultan visits the United States, meets with President Clinton and Vice President Gore at the White House
	February 14:	Fiftieth anniversary of the historic meeting between King Abdulaziz and President Roosevelt
1994	October 28:	King Fahd meets with President Clinton in Hafr-Al-Batin, Saudi Arabia
	April 27-8:	First meeting of the U.S.-Saudi Arabian Business Council
1991	October 30:	Saudi Arabia attends the Madrid Middle East peace talks cosponsored by United States and Russia
1990	November 21:	King Fahd meets with President George H. W. Bush in Saudi Arabia
1989	July 28:	Start of United States tour of exhibition 'Saudi Arabia: Yesterday and Today'
1987	October 19:	Crown Prince Abdullah meets with President Ronald Reagan and Vice President Bush at the White House
1985	October 4:	Prince Sultan meets with President Reagan at the White House
	June 17:	Prince Sultan bin Salman bin Abdulaziz serves as a payload specialist on the U.S.

		shuttle 'Discovery'; he is the first Arab and Muslim in space
	February 11-15:	King Fahd visits the United States for his first official visit to Washington since becoming King in 1982; meets with President Reagan at the White House
1984		The U.S. Embassy moves from Jeddah to Riyadh; the Jeddah mission becomes a consulate.
1983	October 24:	Prince Bandar bin Sultan presents his credentials as Saudi Ambassador to the US to President Reagan at the White House; serves the Dean of the Washington Diplomatic Corps from September 4, 1993 to September 8, 2005
1982	June 15:	King Fahd and Crown Prince Abdullah meet with Vice President George H. W. Bush in Riyadh
1978	January 3:	King Khalid bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud and Crown Prince Fahd meet with President Jimmy Carter in Riyadh
1977	May 23-5:	Crown Prince Fahd visits the United States, meets with President Carter at the White House
1976	July 6:	Second Deputy Prime Minister and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah meets with President Gerald Ford at the White House
1974	June 14:	President Richard Nixon becomes the first U.S. president to visit Saudi Arabia
	June 8:	Establishment of the Saudi Arabian-U.S. Joint Commission on Economic Cooperation
	June 6:	Second Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of the Interior Prince Fahd bin Abdulaziz meets with President Nixon at the White House
	April 14:	Prince Abdullah visits Washington DC for agreement on U.S. assistance in modernizing the Saudi Arabian National Guard, of which he is the Commander
1971	March 27:	King Faisal bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud meets with President Nixon in Washington DC
1969	October 13:	Prince Fahd meets with President Nixon in Washington DC
1966	June 21:	King Faisal meets with President Lyndon B. Johnson in Washington DC
1962	October 4:	Crown Prince and Foreign Minister Prince Faisal meets with President John F. Kennedy during a visit to the U.S. for the opening session of the United Nations General Assembly
	February 13:	King Saud bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud meets with President Kennedy in Washington
1957	January 30:	King Saud meets with President Dwight D. Eisenhower at the White House; it is the first visit to the U.S. by a reigning Saudi King
1953	March:	Foreign Minister Prince Faisal meets with President Eisenhower at the White House
1945	June 26:	Prince Faisal visits San Francisco to sign the United Nations Charter
	February 14:	King Abdulaziz and President Franklin D. Roosevelt meet on board the USS Quincy in the Great Bitter Lake of the Suez Canal
1944		Saudi Arabian legation opens in Washington, later raised to the rank of embassy; U.S. consulate established in Dhahran, Saudi Arabia
1943	October:	Prince Faisal and Prince Khalid meet with President Roosevelt in Washington; it is first high-level Saudi Arabian delegation to visit the United States
1942	April 13:	James S. Moose, Jr., sent to Jeddah as chargé d'affaires of the first U.S. legation in the Kingdom
1940	February 4:	U.S. Minister Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary in Cairo, Bert Fish, accredited as

		envoy to Saudi Arabia
1938	March 3:	Oil found in large quantities in the Eastern Province
1933	November 7:	Agreement signed establishing diplomatic relations between Saudi Arabia and the United States; also covers commercial relations and navigation
	July 14:	First oil concession in Saudi Arabia granted to Standard Oil of California
1932	September 23:	Unification of the modern Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under the leadership of King Abdulaziz bin Abdulrahman Al-Saud
1919	January 18:	Prince Faisal attends the Paris Peace Conference at Versailles, where President Woodrow Wilson affirms his Fourteen Points; the president's support of the principle of self-determination and de-colonization makes a lasting impression on subsequent relations between Saudi Arabia and the United States